

## Section 4.4 Extra Practice

1. Express each power as an equivalent radical.

a)  $5^{\frac{3}{2}}$

b)  $(27^2)^{\frac{2}{3}}$

c)  $(4x^3)^{0.5}$

d)  $\left(\frac{x^4}{y^2}\right)^{\frac{-3}{2}}$

e)  $(x^6y)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

2. Express each radical as a power.

a)  $\sqrt{(9x)^3}$

b)  $\sqrt{(4x^2)^3}$

c)  $\sqrt[3]{64x^6}$

d)  $\sqrt[4]{x^0y^2}$

e)  $9\sqrt[5]{x^{\frac{5}{2}}}$

3. Evaluate each expression. Give the result to four decimal places, if necessary.

a)  $14^{\frac{3}{2}}$

b)  $5(0.8)^{\frac{1}{3}}$

c)  $\frac{\sqrt{9}}{\sqrt{12}}$

d)  $\sqrt[3]{25}$

e)  $-2\sqrt[4]{3}$

4. Express each mixed radical as an equivalent entire radical.

a)  $5\sqrt{3}$

b)  $\left(\frac{2}{5}\right)\sqrt{10}$

c)  $2\sqrt[3]{4}$

d)  $-4\sqrt[3]{2}$

e)  $5\sqrt[3]{3}$

5. Express each entire radical as an equivalent mixed radical.

a)  $\sqrt{180}$

b)  $\sqrt{108}$

c)  $\sqrt[3]{750}$

d)  $\sqrt[3]{81}$

e)  $\sqrt{486}$

6. Order each set of numbers from greatest to least. Describe the method you used.

a)  $\sqrt{35}$ ,  $\sqrt{\frac{5}{3}}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{45}$ ,  $3\sqrt{20}$

b)  $4\sqrt{5}$ ,  $2\sqrt[3]{5}$ ,  $\sqrt{60}$ ,  $\sqrt[3]{4}$