

Chapter 9 Unit 4 Project

Section 9.1

1. A section of a local habitat was damaged during a storm. A local company wishes to preserve the wetland and ensure water quality. The organizers decide to replace some of the bushes and trees. They place two orders with a nursery.
- One order is for 40 bushes and 12 trees. It totals \$1484.
 - The other order is for 25 bushes and 18 trees. It totals \$1421.
- Create and solve a system of linear equations to determine the cost of one bush and the cost of one tree.

Section 9.2

2. Sharon estimates that she saves 260 L of water per week by washing her car with a bucket and sponge. Her sister Beverley washes her car with a hose, which uses more water. Sharon's washing machine uses 225 L of water per load. Bev has upgraded to a washing machine that uses only 95 L of water per load. Both sisters wash the same number of loads of laundry per week. Both wash their car once a week.
- a) Develop a system of equations representing their water usage in one week.
 - b) When their water usage is the same, how many loads of laundry does each sister do in one week?
 - c) If each sister does eight loads of laundry per week, who uses more water weekly? Explain.

Section 9.3

3. The water level in a lake is decreasing. Wildlife biologists are concerned about the effect on the fish population. They decide to track the number of fish in the lake. The osprey is a fish-hunting bird. As part of their study, the biologists need to estimate the number of fish eaten by osprey.

Year	Fish in Lake	Fish Eaten by Osprey
1	10 000	700
2	9 000	900
3	8 000	1100
4	7 000	1300

- a) Describe the population changes to the fish in the lake and the fish eaten by osprey.
- b) Write a system of linear equations representing the populations of fish.
- c) Solve the system of linear equations graphically. What does the point of intersection represent?
- d) Predict what might eventually happen to the fish and osprey populations. Explain your thinking.