BLM 6-8

Section 6.3 Represent Exponential Expressions

1. Write each power as a power with base 4.

a) 1024	b) 64^2
c) 16°	d) 256^3
e) 2^{12}	f) 2 ¹⁶

2. Write each power as a power with base 10.

a) 10 000	b) 1000°
c) $100\ 000^3$	d) 0.01
e) 0.1 ⁴	f) 0.001

3. Write each power as a power with base 2. $(22)^{2}$

a) 128	b) 8 ²
c) 32^3	d) 16 ⁶
e) 64^0	f) 256^2

- 4. a) Solve $9^{x+5} = 3^x$.
 - **b)** Substitute your answer from part a) into both sides of the original equation to check.
- 5. Solve.

a)
$$2^{12} = 16^{x}$$

b) $8^{2a+1} = 64$
c) $4^{3p+1} = 32$
d) $4^{5-9k} = 8^{2-k}$
e) $27^{x+3} = 9^{5-2x}$
f) $\frac{8^{x+8}}{8^{4x}} = 32^{3x-4}$

- 6. Solve, then check. a) $27^{x+2} = 9^{4x}$ b) $16^{2x+3} = 32^{3(x-2)}$
- 7. a) Use graphing technology to graph $y = 27^{x+2}$ and $y = 9^{4x}$ on the same set of axes.
 - b) Identify the point of intersection. How is this point related to your answer to question 6, part a)? Explain.

- 8. Consider the equation $16^{x+2} = 64^{x-1}$.
 - a) Solve this equation by expressing both sides as powers of 4.
 - **b)** Solve this equation by expressing both sides as powers of 2.
 - c) How do your answers to parts a) andb) compare?
 - d) Which method do you prefer? Why?
- 9. Consider the equation $16^{2x-1} = 64^{2(x+1)}$.
 - a) Solve this equation by expressing both sides as powers of 4.
 - **b)** Solve this equation by expressing both sides as powers of 2.
 - c) How do your answers to parts a) and b) compare?
 - d) Which method do you prefer? Why?
- **10.** For each equation, complete the following steps:
 - i) Rewrite the power with the fractional base as a power with a whole number base.
 - ii) Write the expressions on both sides as powers with the same base.
 - iii) Solve the equation.

a)
$$5^{4-x} = \frac{1}{5}$$

b) $3^{3x-1} = \frac{1}{81}$
c) $27^{x+1} = \left(\frac{1}{9}\right)^{2x-5}$

