### Particle Theory of Matter Bingo

Goal • Use this activity to review the particle theory of matter.

#### What to Do

CHAPTERS 7-9

- 1. Take a bingo card and a sheet of answer cards. Fill in as many answers on your bingo card as you can in the time your teacher gives you. Keep your sheet of answer cards.
- 2. When the time is up, find people who have an answer card that matches answers that you are missing. Write the answer and the person's name in the square. If you do not understand a question, you can ask for help.
- 3. When you complete your card, call out "Bingo!" The first person to complete a card wins.
- 4. Submit your card to your teacher to check the answers and call the names to verify that those people have the matching answer cards.

DATE:

## **Bingo Card**

Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Describe how the particles in a liquid move.	Name another state of matter.	Give an example of a gas.	What change of state occurs when a gas changes into a liquid?
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Are the particles in a gas close or distant?	Does a solid have definite or indefinite volume?	During evaporation, is heat added or taken away?	Does a liquid have definite or indefinite volume?
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
During freezing, is heat added or taken away?	State one point of the particle theory of matter.	Give an example of a solid.	What change of state occurs when a solid changes into a liquid?
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
	changes into a gas:	solid move.	or distant?
Name a state of matter.	What change of state occurs when a liquid changes into a gas?	Describe how the particles in a solid move.	Are the particles in a solid close or distant?

# Activity 8 continued

## **Bingo Card**

Name a state of matter.	What change of state occurs when a liquid changes into a solid?	Describe how the particles in a solid move.	Are the particles in a solid close or distant?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
During condensation, is heat added or taken away?	State one point of the particle theory of matter.	Give an example of a solid.	What change of state occurs when a solid changes into a liquid?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Are the particles in a liquid close or distant?	Does a solid have definite or indefinite volume?	During melting, is heat added or taken away?	Does a gas have definite or indefinite volume?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Describe how the particles in a gas move.	Name another state of matter.	Give an example of a gas.	What change of state occurs when a gas changes into a solid?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:

## **Bingo Card**

Name a state of matter.	What change of state occurs when a liquid changes into a gas?	Describe how the particles in a liquid move.	Are the particles in a gas close or distant?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
During freezing, is heat added or taken away?	State one point of the particle theory of matter.	Give an example of a solid.	What change of state occurs when a gas changes into a liquid?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Are the particles in a liquid close or distant?	Does a liquid have definite or indefinite volume?	During condensation, is heat added or taken away?	Does a gas have definite or indefinite volume?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:
Describe how the particles in a gas move.	Name another state of matter.	Give an example of a gas.	What change of state occurs when a solid changes into a gas?
Answer:	Answer:	Answer:	Answer:
Name:	Name:	Name:	Name:

Activity 8 continued

ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
solid	liquid	gas
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
water	ice	steam
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
evaporation (liquid $\rightarrow$ gas)	melting (solid $\rightarrow$ liquid)	condensation (gas $\rightarrow$ liquid)
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
freezing (liquid $\rightarrow$ solid)	sublimation (solid $\rightarrow$ gas)	deposition (gas $\rightarrow$ solid)
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
Particles in a solid vibrate.	Particles in a liquid are free-flowing.	Particles in a gas have random movement.

CLASS:

NAME:

Activity 8 continued

ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
Particles in a solid are close.	Particles in a liquid are close.	Particles in a gas are distant.
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
A solid has definite volume.	A liquid has definite volume.	A gas has indefinite volume.
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
In evaporation, energy is added.	In melting, energy is added.	In condensation, energy is taken away.
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
In freezing, energy is taken away.	Attraction between particles can be weak or strong.	The particles are constantly moving.
ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD	ANSWER CARD
There are spaces between the particles.	The particles of one substance are different from the particles of another substance.	All matter is made up of tiny particles.