## BLM 17.1

## CHAPTER 17 VOCABULARY AND CONCEPTS QUIZ

(Assessment of Learning)  Name:		
Part A: Ma	tching (10 marks; category: knowledge)	
<b>Instruction</b> description b	<b>is:</b> Use all the terms, but use each term only <u>once</u> . Place the letter (neatly) beside the correct elow.	
Key Terms A. affirmativ B. commun C. distributi D. entitleme E. liberal in F. liberalisn G. libertaria H. natural la I. positive l J. retributiv	ve action itarianism ve justice ints dividualism n nism aw re justice	
Description		
1.	A rule of conduct based on the reason inherent in nature	
2.	Rules written by humans to govern our conduct	
3.	A set of principles that involves the distribution of goods and services, or the reallocation of wealth and property, by the government	
4.	A policy that provides equal opportunity and social welfare by compensating groups of people who have been historically disadvantaged	
5.	The belief that people should have full freedom in thought and action, with minimal government control	
6.	A theory of justice that considers punishment to be a morally acceptable response to crime, as a way to balance an injustice	
7.	The belief that individuals should be free to decide what is best for them, as long as they do	



no harm to others, and that state interference represents the oppression of people

BLIM	17.1	Continued
	8.	Things to which a person has a right or claim
	9.	An ideology that emphasizes the rights of the collective, or the community, over those of the individual
	10.	A political philosophy that emphasizes the freedom of the individual, with minimal government control
Part B:	Shor	t Answer (12 marks; category: thinking)
<b>Instruc</b> necessar		: Answer each question in short-answer format (3 marks each). Use the back of this page if
1. How	does	libertarianism differ from liberalism? Explain.
		affirmative action present a problem or opportunity for liberal philosophers seeking distribere? Explain.
		communitarianism's method of accommodating differences in entitlements within society differ of liberal individualism? Explain.
4. Wha	at is th	e difference between <i>positive</i> and <i>natural law</i> ? Explain.

