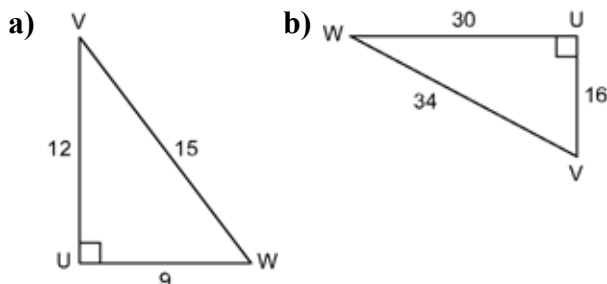


Prerequisite Skills

Trigonometric Ratios

1. Find the sine, cosine, and tangent ratios for $\angle V$ and $\angle W$. Express the ratios as fractions in lowest terms.



2. Use your calculator to evaluate each trigonometric ratio. Round to three decimal places.

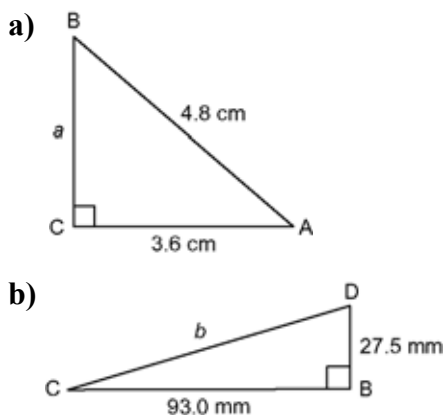
- a) $\sin 23^\circ$ b) $\sin 8.2^\circ$ c) $\cos 60^\circ$
 d) $\cos 87^\circ$ e) $\tan 72.5^\circ$ f) $\tan 45^\circ$

3. Determine the measure of each angle to the nearest degree, where necessary.

- a) $\sin A = 0.7498$ b) $\sin A = 0.5$
 c) $\cos A = 0.6002$ d) $\cos A = 0.3856$
 e) $\tan A = 1.7321$ f) $\tan A = 9.6540$

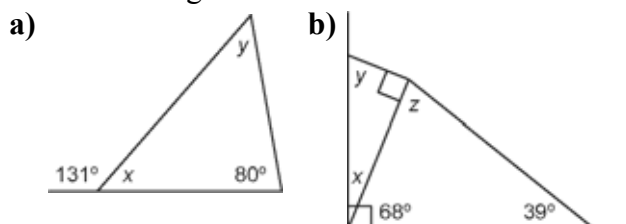
Pythagorean Theorem

4. Determine the measure of each unknown side. Round answers to the nearest tenth of a unit.



Geometry

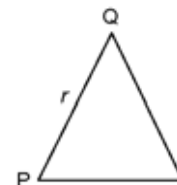
5. Find the measure of each unknown angle to the nearest degree.



6. Two angles are complementary.
 a) If one angle is double the measure of the other, find the measures of the two angles.
 b) If one angle is 20° greater than the measure of the other, find the measures of the two angles.
7. Four angles are supplementary. Find the measures of the four angles to the nearest tenth of a degree.



8. a) Add the labels p , q , and R to the incomplete diagram.



- b) Find the value of x if $PQ = QR$, $\angle P = x + 30$, and $\angle Q = x - 15$.

Rearrange Formulas

9. Rearrange each formula to solve for a .

- a) $ac = \frac{b}{c}$
 b) $A = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$
 c) $4 = 2a^2b - b^2$
 d) $0 = b^2 + c^2 - a^2 - 2bc(\cos A)$
 e) $\frac{b+c}{c} = \frac{b}{a}$