Section 8.4 The TVM Solver

- 1. What is the value of a \$4500 investment after 8 years if interest is paid at 3.5% per year, compounded monthly?
- **2.** Garret borrows \$3000 at 4.4% per year, compounded monthly. How much does he need to repay at the end of 3 years?
- **3.** If Laura invests \$10 000 at 3.3% per year, compounded semi-annually, after many years would her investment grow to \$18 000?
- 4. A loan worth \$11 500 is due in 6 years. If the creditor sold the loan to another creditor, discounted at 8% per year, compounded semi-annually, how much should the new creditor pay?
- **5.** Trevor invests \$3000 in a term deposit that pays 6.6% per year, compounded semi-annually. How long will it take for his investment to triple in value?
- 6. What annual interest rate, compounded monthly, would be needed for a \$1600 investment to grow to \$2150 after 6 years?

7. Calculate the amount that needs to be invested at each of the interest rates to have a value of \$8500 after 5 years.

BLM 8-8

- a) 3% per year, compounded monthly
- b) 4% per year, compounded semi-annually
- c) 5% per year, compounded annually
- **8.** Determine which investment will reach \$10 000 more quickly.
 - \$6000 invested at 9% per year compounded semi-annually
 - \$7500 invested at 5.5% compounded quarterly
- **9.** Glen tells you that if he invests \$25 000 on his 16th birthday at 6.2% per year, compounded semi-annually, he will have one million dollars by his 65th birthday. Do you agree? Explain.
- **10.** Which rate will double an investment more quickly?
 - 8% per year, compounded semi-annually
 - 7.2% per year, compounded monthly