

Prerequisite Skills

Decimals

- Use a calculator to evaluate.
 - 4.15×0.23
 - $\frac{15}{100} \div 12$
 - $1500(0.15)(14)$
 - $3275(1 + 0.05)(15)$
 - $6250 + 6250(0.10)(0.5)$
 - $1835 + 1835(0.05)(22)$
- Find each quotient. Do not use a calculator.
 - $0.10 \div 4$
 - $0.15 \div 3$
 - $0.06 \div 6$
 - $0.06 \div 12$
 - $0.15 \div 2$
 - $0.21 \div 3$

Percents

- Write each percent as a decimal.
 - 14%
 - 8%
 - 125%
 - 0.3%
 - 4.9%
 - 44%
- Estimate.
 - 11% of 395
 - 14% of 1009
 - 0.95% of 12 355
 - 2.6% of 4015
 - 24% of 885
 - 1.8% of 6124
- Evaluate. Write your answer as a decimal.
 - $12\% \div 3$
 - $2.4\% \div 6$
 - $25\% \div 2$
 - $30\% \div 12$
 - $14.2\% \div 4$
 - $14.7\% \div 12$

Exponents

- Evaluate mentally.
 - 3^3
 - 8^2
 - $(2.5)^2$
 - $(0.8)^2$
 - 1^{24}
 - 2^5

- Use a calculator to evaluate.
 - $(1.095)^4$
 - $(0.825)^6$
 - $(1.15)^9$
 - $(2.227)^3$
 - $(1.0025)^{60}$
 - $(1.05)^{24}$

Compound Interest

- Determine the interest rate per compounding period for each annual interest rate.
 - 8% compounded monthly
 - 15% compounded semi-annually
 - 2% compounded quarterly
 - 12% compounded monthly
 - 8.5% compounded yearly
 - 4.4% compounded quarterly
- Calculate the number of interest payments that will be made in each investment.
 - compounded monthly for 12 years
 - compounded quarterly for 3 years
 - compounded semi-annually for 5 years
 - compounded daily for the last 3 months of the year
 - compounded annually for 25 years
 - compounded semi-annually for 2.5 years
- Find the future value, FV, for each investment, PV. Use the formula $FV = PV(1 + i)^n$.
 - \$4500 at 6% annually, compounded semi-annually for 10 years
 - \$2000 at 4% annually, compounded quarterly for 25 years
 - \$825 at 4.8% annually, compounded quarterly for 5 years
 - \$10 000 at 9% annually, compounded monthly for 12 years