3

Strand Data Management

Student Text Pages 98–163

Suggested Timing 20–30 min

Related Resources BLM A-4 Presentation Checklis

Key Terms

bias bimodal distribution box-and-whisker plot categorical data continuous data discrete data interguartile range mean median mode normal distribution outlier population primary source quartiles range sample secondary source skewed distribution standard deviation variance

Additional information and teaching materials for this chapter are available on the McGraw-Hill Ryerson Web-site at www.mcgrawhill.ca/books/ foundations11. You will need your password to access this material.

One Variable Statistics

Chapter Curriculum Specific Expectations Working With One Variable Data

In this chapter, students will

DM1.01 identify situations involving one-variable data (i.e., data about the frequency of a given occurrence), and design questionnaires (e.g., for a store to determine which CDs to stock; for a radio station to choose which music to play) or experiments (e.g., counting, taking measurements) for gathering one-variable data, giving consideration to ethics, privacy, the need for honest responses, and possible sources of bias

DM1.02 collect one-variable data from secondary sources (e.g., Internet databases), and organize and store the data using a variety of tools (e.g., spreadsheets, dynamic statistical software)

DM1.03 explain the distinction between the terms *population* and *sample*, describe the characteristics of a good sample, and explain why sampling is necessary (e.g., time, cost, or physical constraints)

DM1.04 describe and compare sampling techniques (e.g., random, stratified, clustered, convenience, voluntary); collect one-variable data from primary sources, using appropriate sampling techniques in a variety of real-world situations; and organize and store the data

DM1.05 identify different types of one-variable data (i.e., categorical, discrete, continuous), and represent the data, with and without technology, in appropriate graphical forms (e.g., histograms, bar graphs, circle graphs, pictographs)

DM1.06 identify and describe properties associated with common distributions of data (e.g., normal, bimodal, skewed)

DM1.07 calculate, using formulas and/or technology (e.g., dynamic statistical software, spreadsheet, graphing calculator), and interpret measures of central tendency (i.e., mean, median, mode) and measures of spread (i.e., range, standard deviation)

DM1.08 explain the appropriate use of measures of central tendency (i.e., mean, median, mode) and measures of spread (i.e., range, standard deviation)DM1.09 compare two or more sets of one-variable data, using measures of central tendency and measures of spread

DM1.10 solve problems by interpreting and analyzing one-variable data collected from secondary sources

Teaching Suggestions Chapter Opener

- Have students describe a situation where they have heard statistics used or quoted. Sports statistics, numbers from weekend box office receipts, as well as scientific studies or even numbers from option selections in their school will usually be mentioned.
- Offer suggestions of when statistics can be misused. For example, students may have seen several different shows on TV, each advertised as Canada's number one show. Ask how this was decided and how this claim can be misleading. Another example might be a band that is quoted as being the most popular band. Is this a partial quote where the record company really means most popular within a particular genre of music, or most CD's sold, or most sold out concerts?
- Have students discuss the inconvenience of surveying an entire population and how they would select a small sample that would represent the population. Leave these as ideas only. Perhaps record the ideas and revisit them after the different types of sampling techniques have been studied.
- Discuss what students think the term *average* means.

Career Profile

Have students discuss where industrial engineering technologists might work. As an extension, have students research this career and other similar careers, and present their findings to the class. You may wish to use **BLM A4 Presentation Checklist** to assess students' presentations.

Using their research, have students discuss:

- What an industrial engineering technologist does.
- What type of education and training are needed for this career.
- Another career that is similar.
- The differences in the training and education required for the similar career.

You may wish to have students include their research in their portfolios.

For more career resources for your students, see the McGraw-Hill Ryerson Web-site at *www.mcgrawhill.ca/books/foundations11*.

Chapter 3 Planning Chart

Section Suggested Timing	Student Text Page(s)	Teacher's Resource Blackline Masters	Assessment	Tools
Chapter 1 Opener • 20–30 min	98-99		• BLM A-4 Presentation Checklist	
Prerequisite Skills • 30–60 min	100-101		 BLM 3-1 Prerequisite Skills BLM 3-2 Prerequisite Skills Self-Assessment Checklist 	
3.1 Sampling Techniques • 80–160 min	102–109	• BLM 3-3 Section 3.1 Sampling Techniques	• BLM 3-4 Section 3.1 Achievement Check Rubric	 graphing calculators <i>Optional</i> software application with random number generator
3.2 Collect and Analyse Data • 80–160 min	110–117	• BLM 3-5 Section 3.2 Collect and Analyse Data	• BLM 3-6 Section 3.2 Achievement Check Rubric	
3.3 Display Data • 80–160 min	118–129	 BLM 3-7 Section 3.3 Display Data BLM G-1 Grid Paper BLM T-1 Microsoft[®] Excel BLM T-4 FathomTM 	• BLM 3-8 Section 3.3 Achievement Check Rubric	 calculators protractors compasses grid paper coloured pencils or markers rulers computers Microsoft[®] Excel graphing calculators Fathom[™]
3.4 Measures of Central Tendency • 80–160 min	130–139	• BLM 3-9 Section 3.4 Measures of Central Tendency	• BLM 3-10 Section 3.4 Achievement Check Rubric	 calculators graphing calculators computers Microsoft[®] Excel Fathom[™]
3.5 Measures of Spread • 80–160 min	140-147	• BLM 3-11 Section 3.5 Measures of Spread	• BLM 3-12 Section 3.5 Achievement Check Rubric	• graphing calculators
3.6 Common Distributions • 80–160 min	148–155	 BLM 3-13 Section 3.6 Common Distributions BLM G-1 Grid Paper 	• BLM 3-14 Section 3.6 Achievement Check Rubric	 calculators rulers grid paper graphing calculators
Chapter 3 Review • 80 min	156–157	• BLM 3-15 Chapter 3 Review • BLM G-1 Grid Paper		• grid paper
Chapter 3 Practice Test • 80 min	158–159		 BLM 3-16 Chapter 3 Practice Test BLM 3-17 Chapter 3 Test 	
Chapter 3 Problem Wrap-Up • 30-40 min	159	• BLM G-1 Grid Paper	• BLM 3-18 Chapter 3 Problem Wrap-Up Rubric	• grid paper
Chapters 1 to 3 Review • 80–160 min	160–161	• BLM G-1 Grid Paper	 BLM A-13 Self-Assessment Recording Sheet BLM A-14 Self-Assessment Checklist 	• grid paper
Task: Road to the Stanley Cup • 80–160 min	162–163	• BLM G-1 Grid Paper	• BLM 3-19 Task: Road to the Stanley Cup Rubric	• grid paper

Chapter 3 Blackline Masters Checklist

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BLM A-4	Presentation Checklist	Assessment			
s					
BLM 3-1	Prerequisite Skills	Practice			
BLM 3-2	Prerequisite Skills Self-Assessment Checklist	Self-Assessment			
hniques					
BLM 3-3	Section 3.1 Sampling Techniques	Practice			
BLM 3-4	Section 3.1 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
nalyse Data					
BLM 3-5	Section 3.2 Collect and Analyse Data	Practice			
BLM 3-6	Section 3.2 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
<u>,</u>					
BLM 3-7	Section 3.3 Display Data	Practice			
BLM 3-8	Section 3.3 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
BLM G-1	Grid Paper	Student Support			
BLM T-1	Microsoft® Excel	Student Support			
BLM T-4	Fathom TM	Student Support			
3.4 Measures of Central Tendency					
BLM 3-9	Section 3.4 Measures of Central Tendency	Practice			
BLM 3-10	Section 3.4 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
pread					
BLM 3-11	Section 3.5 Measures of Spread	Practice			
BLM 3-12	Section 3.5 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
ributions					
BLM 3-13	Section 3.6 Common Distributions	Practice			
BLM 3-14	Section 3.6 Achievement Check Rubric	Assessment			
BLM G-1	Grid Paper	Student Support			
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BLM 3-15	Chapter 3 Review	Review			
BLM G-1	Grid Paper	Student Support			
Chapter 3 Practice Test					
BLM 3-16	Chapter 3 Practice Test	Diagnostic Assessment			
BLM 3-17	1	Summative Assessment			
m Wrap-Up Rubr	1				
		Summative Assessment			
		Student Support			
1					
BLM A-13	Self-Assessment Recording Sheet	Self-Assessment			
BLM A-14	Self-Assessment Checklist	Self-Assessment			
BLM G-1		Student Support			
1	-				
1		Summative Assessment			
		Student Support			
	BLM 3-3 BLM 3-4 alyse Data BLM 3-5 BLM 3-6 BLM 3-7 BLM 3-6 BLM 3-7 BLM 3-6 BLM 3-7 BLM 3-7 BLM 3-7 BLM 3-10 Spread BLM 3-10 Spread BLM 3-11 BLM 3-12 ributions BLM 3-13 BLM 3-14 BLM 3-15 BLM 3-16 BLM 3-17 w Wrap-Up Rubr BLM 3-18 BLM 3-13 BLM 3-18 BLM 3-13	BLM 3-2 Prerequisite Skills Self-Assessment Checklist hniques BLM 3-3 Section 3.1 Sampling Techniques BLM 3-4 Section 3.1 Achievement Check Rubric nalyse Data Section 3.2 Collect and Analyse Data BLM 3-5 Section 3.2 Achievement Check Rubric BLM 3-6 Section 3.2 Achievement Check Rubric BLM 3-7 Section 3.3 Display Data BLM 3-8 Section 3.3 Achievement Check Rubric BLM 6-1 Grid Paper BLM 7-1 Microsoft® Excel BLM 7-1 Microsoft® Excel BLM 7-1 Microsoft® Excel BLM 7-1 Section 3.4 Measures of Central Tendency BLM 3-9 Section 3.4 Achievement Check Rubric Spread Section 3.5 Measures of Spread BLM 3-11 Section 3.5 Achievement Check Rubric spread Section 3.6 Common Distributions BLM 3-13 Section 3.6 Achievement Check Rubric BLM 3-14 Section 3.6 Achievement Check Rubric BLM 3-15 Chapter 3 Review BLM 3-16 Chapter 3 Practice Test BLM 3-16 Chapter 3 Practice Test BLM 3-18 Chapter 3 Problem			

Student Text Pages 100–101

Suggested Timing 30–60 min

50-00 11111

Related Resources

BLM 3-1 Prerequisite Skills BLM 3-2 Prerequisite Skills Self-Assessment Checklist

Common Errors

- Some students may incorrectly order fractions and negative integers in **question 1**.
- R_x Have students find a common denominator before ordering the fractions, and put fractions and integers on a number line before ordering.
- Some students may use their calculators incorrectly to find the values in **question 2**.
- R_x Remind students the addition in the numerator must be found before the division can be done. This means either using brackets on the calculator or pressing = before the division.
- Some students may not look at the scale on the graphs in **questions 4**, **6**, **and 7**.
- R_x Go over the importance of using the scale to determine the values in graphs.

Accommodations

Gifted and Enrichment—have gifted students act as peer tutors

Teaching Suggestions

- The Prerequisite Skills section is a basic review of skills students will need to successfully work with one variable statistics. Have students work in pairs. Allow enough time for students to complete all questions. If time permits, all questions should be taken up in class. Stress the importance of being able to perform these algebraic operations and graphing skills for success in the chapter.
- All BLMs referred to throughout this chapter can be found on the *Foundations for College Mathematics 11 Teacher's Resource* CD-ROM.

Assessment

- Assess students' readiness to proceed by informal observation as students are working on the questions. A formal test is inappropriate since this material is not part of the grade 11 curriculum for this chapter.
- Student self-assessment is also an effective technique; students can place a checkmark beside topics in the Get Ready in which they feel confident. Use **BLM 3-2 Prerequisite Skills Self-Assessment Checklist** as a self-assessment for students.

Extra Practice

• Use BLM 3-1 Prerequisite Skills for extra practice or remediation.

Chapter Problem

- The Chapter Problem is introduced on page 101. Have students discuss their understanding of the topic. Ask students if they have ever been asked by a market research company to respond to a survey, either on the phone or at a mall. You may wish to have students complete the Chapter Problem revisits that occur throughout the chapter. These questions are designed to help students move toward the Chapter 3 Problem Wrap-Up on page 159.
- Alternatively, you may wish to assign the Chapter Problem questions and Chapter Problem Wrap-Up when students have completed the chapter, as part of a summative assessment.