KEY CONCEPTS

- To factor a polynomial expression of the form $a^2 b^2$ using the method of factoring a difference of squares, factor the expression as follows: $a^2 - b^2 = (a + b)(a - b)$.
- When you multiply factors of the form (a + b)(a b), the middle terms are opposites and therefore cancel each other.

Example

Factor each expression completely.

a)
$$x^2 - 36$$

b)
$$49m^2 - 25n^2$$

c)
$$a^3 - 16a$$

d)
$$v^4 - 1$$

e)
$$(w-x)^2 - (y+z)^2$$

Solution

a) Use the pattern for a difference of squares.

$$x^2 - 36 = (x)^2 - 6^2$$
$$= (x+6)(x-6)$$

b) Use the pattern for a difference of squares.

$$49m^2 - 25n^2 = (7m)^2 - (5n)^2$$
$$= (7m + 5n)(7m - 5n)$$

c) First, factor out the common factor. Then, use the pattern for a difference of squares.

$$a^{3} - 16a = a(a^{2} - 16)$$
$$= a(a + 4)(a - 4)$$

d) Use the pattern for a difference of squares twice.

$$y^4 - 1 = (y^2 + 1)(y^2 - 1)$$
$$= (y^2 + 1)(y + 1)(y - 1)$$

e)
$$(w-x)^2 - (y+z)^2 = [(w-x) + (y+z)][(w-x) - (y+z)]$$

= $(w-x+y+z)(w-x-y-z)$

A

- 1. Factor completely.
 - a) $x^2 25$
- **b)** $v^2 16$
- c) $a^2 9$
- **d)** $m^2 49$
- **e)** $b^2 1$
- **f)** $d^2 36$
- **2.** Factor completely.
 - **a)** $1 e^2$
- **b)** $25 h^2$
- c) $81 q^2$
- **d)** $36 n^2$
- **e)** $16 s^2$
- **f)** $49 c^2$
- **3.** Factor completely.
 - **a)** $x^2 v^2$
- **b)** $a^2 b^2$
- c) $m^2 n^2$
- **d)** $p^2 q^2$
- **e)** $s^2 t^2$
- **f)** $d^2 e^2$
- **4.** Factor completely.
 - a) $a^2 4c^2$
- **b)** $h^2 144v^2$
- c) $d^2 9m^2$
- **d)** $f^2 100e^2$
- e) $b^2 169w^2$ f) $z^2 49u^2$
- **5.** Factor completely. **b)** $64y^2 - x^2$ **c)** $256g^2 - k^2$ **d)** $25 - x^2$

- e) $196i^2 l^2$
- **f)** $100m^2 d^2$

B

- **6.** Factor completely. **b)** $144m^2 - 49n^2$ **c)** $289a^2 - 81b^2$

- e) $256k^2 225m^2$ f) $36h^2 25q^2$
- 7. a) Factor each expression completely.
 - i) $m^4 1$
 - ii) $m^4 16$
 - iii) $m^4 81$
 - iv) $m^4 256$
 - **b)** Extend the pattern in part a) for two more steps.
- **★8.** Factor.
 - a) $18x^2 32v^2$
 - **b)** $q^3 25q$

- c) $16m 64m^3$
- **d)** $9m^2n^2 81m^4$
- e) $125a^4b^4 5a^4b^6$
- **f)** $36p^2q^4 4p^2$
- \bigstar 9. a) Assume (82)(78) is equivalent to (a + b)(a - b). Identify a and b, and evaluate $a^2 - b^2$.
 - **b)** Use the pattern from part a) to evaluate each expression without using a calculator.
 - i) (54)(46)
 - ii) (102)(98)
 - iii) (76)(64)
- \bigstar **10.** Factor completely.
 - **a)** $\frac{1}{4}a^4 \frac{1}{16}b^2$
 - **b)** $\frac{1}{8}m^2 \frac{1}{2}n^2$
 - 11. a) Two square sheets of cardboard have areas of $25x^2$ and $16y^2$. Express the difference in the areas of the two square sheets of cardboard in a factored form.
 - **b)** Two square decks have been constructed that have areas of $9a^2$ and $4b^2$. Express the difference in the areas of the two square decks in a factored form.

\mathbf{C}

- 12. Factor completely.
 - a) $(a^2 + 2ab + b^2) (x^2 + 2xy + y^2)$
 - **b)** $m^2 + 4mn + 4n^2 a^2 + 6ab 9b^2$
- 13. a) Factor completely $x^2 4$ and $x^2 9$.
 - **b)** Use your answer from part a) to factor each of the following expressions.
 - i) $x^2 5$
 - ii) $x^2 6$
 - iii) $x^2 7$
 - iv) $x^2 8$