



$$[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+(\text{aq})] = [\text{OH}^-(\text{aq})] = 1.0 \times 10^{-7} \text{ mol/L}$$



acidic solution  
 $[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] > [\text{OH}^-]$



neutral solution  
 $[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] = [\text{OH}^-]$



basic solution  
 $[\text{H}_3\text{O}^+] < [\text{OH}^-]$

The relationship between the concentrations of hydronium ions and hydroxide ions in a solution determines whether the solution is acidic, basic, or neutral.