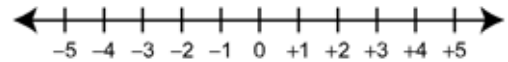


Represent Quantities with Integers

Integers include positive and negative whole numbers and zero.

An integer is any of the numbers ... , -3, -2, -1, 0, +1, +2, +3,



Integer chips are coloured disks that represent integers. A \oplus represents +1, and a \ominus represents -1.

- If you climb five steps, this amount can be represented by the integer +5.
- If you descend ten steps, this amount can be represented by the integer -10.

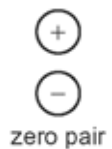
- Use an integer to represent each quantity. Explain your reasoning.
 - an increase of 3%
 - 20 m below sea level
 - a drop of 8 °C
 - 15 marks higher
- Suppose you win a prize of \$15. Use an integer to describe what happens
 - from your point of view
 - from the point of view of the person giving the prize

Adding Integers

A **zero pair** includes one \oplus and one \ominus .

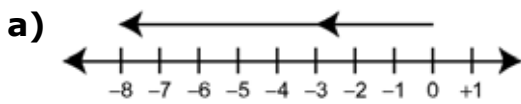
A zero pair represents zero.

Integer addition can be modelled using integer chips or diagrams.



- Use the diagram to complete each addition statement.
 - $\oplus\oplus\oplus\oplus\oplus\oplus\oplus$ (+7) + (-4) = \square
 - $\ominus\ominus\ominus\ominus\ominus\ominus\ominus\ominus$ (-8) + (+3) = \square

- Use the diagram to complete each addition statement.



$$(-3) + (-5) = \square$$



$$(-6) + (+10) = \square$$

5. Complete each addition statement.

a) $(+4) + (+5) = \square$ b) $(-7) + (-7) = \square$

c) $(+6) + (-9) = \square$ d) $(-2) + (+8) = \square$

Subtracting Integers

Integer subtraction can be modelled using integer chips or diagrams.
Any integer subtraction can be completed by adding the opposite integer.


$$\begin{aligned} (+5) - (-4) &= (+5) + (+4) \\ &= +9 \end{aligned}$$

6. Use the diagram to complete each subtraction statement.

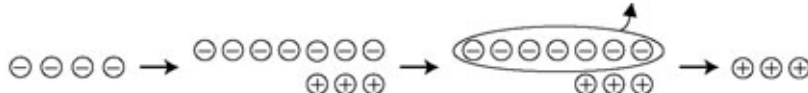
a)  b) 

$(+7) - (+4) = \square$

$(-6) - (-2) = \square$

c) 

$(-2) - (+6) = \square$

d) 

$(-4) - (-7) = \square$

7. Complete each statement.

a) $(+4) - (+7) = (+4) + \square$

b) $(-5) - (-2) = (-5) + \square$

c) $(-8) - (+8) = (-8) + \square$

8. Subtract.

a) $(+6) - (+1)$ b) $(-3) - (+5)$

c) $(+2) - (-2)$ d) $(-3) - (+2)$

e) $(-6) - (-9)$ f) $(+4) - (-1)$

Order of Operations

The correct sequence of steps for a calculation follows the **order of operations** shown.

$$\begin{aligned} &8 \div 4 + (3 + 2) \times 6 - 7 \\ &= 8 \div 4 + 5 \times 6 - 7 \\ &= 2 + 30 - 7 \\ &= 25 \end{aligned}$$

Do brackets first.

Multiply and divide from left to right.

Add and subtract from left to right.

9. Calculate.

a) $8 + 6 \times 5 - 1$

b) $24 \div 6 + 18 \div 2$

c) $3 \times (7 - 2) + 16 \div 4$

d) $(4 + 2) \div 6 + 6 \times 3 - 3$