

## Chapter 6 Gifted and Enrichment

<p><b>1.</b> Show why dividing a whole number by a fraction is equivalent to multiplying the whole number by the reciprocal of the fraction.</p>	<p><b>2. a)</b> One-fifth of the result of ten-twelfths of an original amount is the same as multiplying the original amount by _____? Show your work.</p> <p><b>b)</b> Make a similar statement to the one in part a) using different fractions.</p>
<p><b>3.</b> A school mosaic is being created with 1140 tiles, one tile to represent each student registered as of January 1. The tiles reflect the cultural backgrounds of the students and <math>\frac{1}{4}</math> reflect Asian cultures, <math>\frac{2}{5}</math> reflect First Nations cultures, <math>\frac{1}{3}</math> reflect European cultures, and the remaining tiles reflect other cultures. Of the tiles reflecting Asian cultures, <math>\frac{5}{6}</math> reflect Chinese.</p> <p><b>a)</b> How many tiles reflect Asian cultures? First Nations cultures? European cultures?</p> <p><b>b)</b> What is the mean of the fractions that reflect Asian, First Nations, and European cultures?</p> <p><b>c)</b> What fraction reflects other cultures? Chinese culture? other Asian cultures?</p> <p><b>d)</b> Which fractions add to 1? Why do they add to 1?</p>	
<p><b>4.</b> A ball bounces <math>\frac{2}{3}</math> of its height after every bounce. After its third bounce, the ball reaches a height of <math>17\frac{7}{9}</math> cm. From what height was the ball originally released?</p>	<p><b>5.</b> The first five terms of a pattern are <math>1, \frac{3}{5}, \frac{5}{3}, \frac{9}{25}, 4\frac{17}{27}</math>. Describe the pattern and find the 6th and 7th terms.</p>