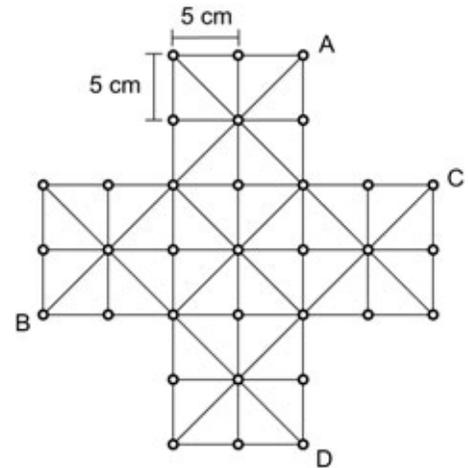


Section 3.4 Math Link

This worksheet will help you with the Math Link on page 105.

1. **a)** Use a red pencil to trace a direct line from A to B.
- b)** Think of the red line as the hypotenuse of a right triangle. Use a blue pencil to trace the legs of the right triangle on the game board.
- c)** What is the length of each blue leg in the right triangle that you traced?
- d)** Substitute these values into the Pythagorean relationship to determine the length of the red hypotenuse, to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.
- e)** What is the distance from A to B, expressed to the nearest tenth of a centimetre?



2. **a)** Following the lines on the game board, use a green pencil to trace the shortest distance between C and D.
 - b)** Determine how the parts of the distance that you drew could be legs or hypotenuses of right triangles. Sketch and label the right triangles.
 - c)** Using the Pythagorean relationship, determine the length of the distance that you traced in part a), to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.
3. **a)** Use a different coloured pencil to draw the shortest distance between C and D. This time, you do not need to follow the lines on the game board.
 - b)** Can the line that you drew in part a) be the hypotenuse of a right triangle? If yes, sketch and label the right triangle. If no, try redrawing the shortest distance so that the line could be the hypotenuse of a right triangle. Then, sketch and label the right triangle.
 - c)** Using the Pythagorean relationship, determine the length of the line that you drew in part a), to the nearest tenth of a centimetre. Show your work.