CHAPTER Qu

**Quadratic Expressions** 

## Get Set

Answer these questions to check your understanding of the Get Ready concepts on pages 278–279 of the *Foundations of Mathematics 10* textbook.

#### Polynomials

1.	Circle the numerical coef	ficient in each	term and identif	y each expression as	s a monomial,
	binomial, or trinomial.				
					- 2 -

**a)** 3x **b)**  $4x^2 + 3x - 1$  **c)**  $8x^3$  **d)**  $x^2 + 7x$ 

### Algebraic Expressions

2.	Multiply or d	ivide as indicated.		$15r^{2}$
	<b>a</b> ) 3(4 <i>y</i> )	<b>b</b> ) $(-2t)(-3t)$	<b>c</b> ) $-6x \div 3$	<b>d</b> ) $\frac{13x}{3x}$

- **3.** Simplify. **a)** 5x + 4 - 7x - 1 **b)**  $x^2 + 2x + 4 + x$  **c)**  $x^2 + 8x^2 - 7 - 5x + 13x$
- **4.** Expand. **a)** 2(x-5) **b)** 5x(2x+6) **c)**  $-3(4x^2+4x-2)$  **d)**  $2x^2(3x+5)$

## **Number Operations**

**5.** Square each term. **a)** -6 **b)** 4x **c)** 10y **d)** -5x

#### Measurement

6. Find the area of the shaded region in the diagram.



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# 7.1 Multiply Two Binomials



## Warm-Up

1.	Number Operations	2.	Factors
	Evaluate. <b>a</b> ) $3(2 + 6)$		Find the greatest whole number that divides evenly into each pair. a) 8 and 16
	<b>b)</b> $(12 - 6)(10 - 5) + 4$		<b>b</b> ) 21 and 49
3.	The Distributive Property	4.	Math Literacy
	Expand. <b>a</b> ) $4x(3x + 2)$		<b>a</b> ) What does the prefix <i>bi</i> mean?
	<b>b</b> ) $5x(2x + 6)$		<b>b</b> ) Give an example of a word with this prefix.
5.	Estimation	6.	Simplify Algebraic Expressions
	A piece of string 8.2 m long is lengthened by a factor of 4.1. What is the approximate length of the new string?		Simplify. <b>a)</b> $14x + 12 - 5x + 8$
			<b>b</b> ) $-(a+5) + 4a + 7$

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## Practise

**1. a)** Write an example of a binomial expression that contains a variable and a constant.



**b**) Explain your answer for **a**).

2. Use algebra tiles to illustrate each product of the binomials.
a) (x + 2)(x + 5)

**b**) (2a + 1)(a + 4)

**3.** Use a multiplication pattern to determine the products of the binomials. The order for multiplying terms in binomials is indicated for the first example and is represented by the acronym FOIL.

a) 
$$(x + 6)(x + 3)$$
  
=  $x(x) + x(\_) + 6(\_) + \_(\_)$   
=  $x^2 + \_x + \_$ 

**b**) (2x - 3)(x - 10) **c**) (a - 9)(7a + 6)

4. a) Use algebra tiles to find the product of (x + 3)(x + 3).

- **b**) What is another way of writing the binomial in **a**)?
- c) What shape did you construct in a)?

d) What term is used to describe the resulting expression in a)?

- 5. Rajeet would like to paint a wall in his bedroom and needs to figure out how much paint he has to buy. The height and length of the wall can be represented asa) Find a quadratic expression that represents the
  - area of the wall. Area = length × width Therefore,

Area = (\_\_\_\_\_) × (\_\_\_\_\_) = \_\_\_\_x^2 + \_\_\_\_x + \_\_\_\_ =

**b**) Find the area of the wall if x = 3.

**6.** Use the distributive property of multiplication to determine the product of the following binomials.

(3x + 2)(x + 2)= \_\_\_\_\_x<sup>2</sup> + \_\_\_\_x + \_\_\_\_x + \_\_\_\_

7. Use a CAS to determine the product of the following binomials. (4x + 3)(x + 2)

So, (4x + 3)(x + 2) =\_\_\_\_\_



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$$(3x + 5)$$
 ft (x + 5) ft

(3x + 5) ft

	7.2 Common Factori	ng	Textbook pp. 290–297
Wa	arm-Up		
1.	Number Operations	2.	Factors
	Evaluate. <b>a</b> ) $\frac{(3 \times 4)}{2} + \frac{(3 \times 9)}{3}$		Provide three factors of <b>a</b> ) 30
	<b>b</b> ) $-(-2 \times 9) \div 3$		<b>b</b> ) 72
3.	The Distributive Property	4.	Math Literacy
	Expand.		What is the opposite process to factoring?
	<b>a</b> ) $2a(6 - 2a + b)$ <b>b</b> ) $-7(x - 4y + 6)$		Explain why.
5.	Estimate	6.	Simplify Algebraic Expressions
	<ul><li>A case of printer paper containing</li><li>5 packages of 500 sheets costs \$24.89.</li><li>a) Roughly how much does each package of paper cost?</li></ul>		Simplify. a) $-4x + 4 - 12x - 6$ b) $x^2 + 2x + 4 + x + 4x^2$
			$\mathbf{U} \mathbf{J} \mathbf{x} + \mathbf{z} \mathbf{x} + 4 + \mathbf{x} + 4 \mathbf{x}^{-1}$
	b) Roughly how much does each sheet of paper cost?		

## Practise

- Find the greatest common factor (GCF) of
   a) 64 and 72
   b) 2a<sup>2</sup> and 12a
- For each polynomial, indicate if it is in the *factored* form or *expanded* form and identify the greatest common factor.

**a)** 3x - 12 **b)**  $5(13y - x^2)$  **c)**  $3x^2 - 12x + 9$ 

$$GCF = GCF = GCF =$$

**3.** Completely factor each polynomial and check by expanding **a)** 3p - 15 **b)**  $21x^2 - 9x + 18$  **c)**  $6y^2 + 18y + 30$ 

= 3(\_\_\_\_) =

Check:

Check:

Check:

=

**c**)  $4x^2$  and 6x

4. Write a trinomial expression with a GCF of 3*n*. Factor the expression.



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Section

7.2

- 5. The expression  $A = 5x^2 + 15x$  represents the area of a playground in a park, with area in square metres (m<sup>2</sup>).
  - **a**) Factor the expression completely.

$$A = \_\_(\_\_+\_\_)$$

**b**) Based on your answer for part **a**), provide expressions for the dimensions and draw a sketch of the playground.

c) What is the area of the playground if x = 9 m?

**d**) The city has decided to completely fence in the playground and needs to determine its perimeter. Using the dimensions from part **b**), write the formulas for the perimeter and area of the playground.

- Area = \_\_\_\_\_
- e) Using the area you calculated in c), determine how many metres of fencing will be needed to completely fence in the playground.

- 6. Use a CAS to find the GCF for the following trinomials.
  - **a**)  $6a^2 + 12a + 18$ GCF = \_\_\_\_\_
  - **b**)  $18a^2 + 27a + 81$

GCF = \_\_\_\_\_

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7.3	Factor a Difference
	of Squares



Wa	arm-Up		
1.	Number Operations	2.	Factors
	Evaluate. <b>a</b> ) $(6)^2 - (-2)^2$		<ul> <li>a) Circle the common factors of 16 and 36</li> <li>2, 3, 4, 6, 8, 9, 16, 18</li> </ul>
	<b>b</b> ) $(-3)^2 - (1)^2$		<ul><li>b) Which number from a) is the greatest common factor?</li></ul>
3.	Algebra	4.	Math Literacy
	<ul> <li>Expand.</li> <li>a) 4(t<sup>2</sup> - 4)</li> <li>b) Is your answer for a) a difference of squares?</li> </ul>		Circle the example of a difference of squares. <b>a)</b> $5^2 - 3$ <b>b)</b> $100 - 50$ <b>c)</b> $49 - x^2$ <b>d)</b> $x^2 - x$
5.	Estimate	6.	Algebraic Expressions
	Estimate the value of 11.1 <sup>2</sup> .		<b>a</b> ) Simplify $3x^2 + (6)^2 - 2x^2$
			<b>b</b> ) Evaluate part <b>a</b> ) when $x = 3$

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PI	ractise			Section
1.	Write each as a power of its <b>a</b> ) 64	<ul><li><b>b</b>) 144</li></ul>	<b>c)</b> $9x^2$	7.3

2. Identify the expressions that are differences of squares. Explain your answers. a)  $x^2 - 49$  b)  $4x^2 - 4y^2$  c)  $9x^2 - 5y$ 

- **3.** Factor each expression and check by expanding.
  - **a**) *x*<sup>2</sup> 9
    - **STEP 1:** Both terms are square terms and the operation between them is subtraction, so you are factoring a difference of squares. Each term can be written as a power of its positive square root.

 $= x^2 - 3^2$ 

STEP 2: Write the binomials that represent the factors.

 $= (x + \_)(\_ - \_)$ 

Check:

**b**)  $100 - x^2$  **c**)  $a^2 - 81$ 

Check:

Check:

4. a) Using a ruler, draw a square with sides measuring 6 cm.

**b**) Determine the area of the square.

A = \_\_\_\_ × \_\_\_\_



- c) Is it possible to represent the calculation in part **a**) as a squared number? Explain.
- **d**) Inside of the large square, draw another square with sides measuring 2 cm and calculate its area.
- e) Determine the remaining area of the large square if you were to cut out the small square.
- f) How is the calculation in part e) related to determining a difference of squares?
- 5. The area of a \$5 bill can be modelled by the expression  $A = x^2 16$ , with area in square centimetres.
  - a) Find the expressions for length and width.You can find them by factoring the equation for area. Therefore,

 $\mathbf{A} = ( ) ( )$ 

- **b**) Determine what *x* is, to the nearest centimetre, by measuring a \$5 bill.
- c) What is the area of the \$5 bill?
- d) Check your answer to part c) by substituting the value of x into  $A = x^2 16$ .

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7.4 Factor Trinomials of the Form $x^2 + bx + c$				
Wa	arm-Up			
1.	Number Operations	2.	Factors	
	Evaluate. <b>a</b> ) $24 - (4 \times 2 + 2 \times 9)$		Find the greatest common factor for the expressions in each pair. <b>a</b> ) $3x^2$ and 9	
	<b>b)</b> $22 \times 3 - (-2)(1)$		<b>b</b> ) 4 <i>x</i> and 6 <i>xy</i>	
•		-		
3.	Algebra	4.	Math Literacy	
	Expand. $7(2^2 - 2^2 + 6)$		Give two examples of careers that	
	<b>a)</b> $7(x^2 - 2x + 6)$		require knowing how to calculate areas.	
	<b>b</b> ) 4 <i>b</i> ( <i>b</i> - 7)			
5.	Estimate	6.	Algebraic Expressions	
	The distance between Toronto and North Bay is about 345 km. If you travel at an average speed of 80 km/h, about how long will it take you to get there? a) 3 h b) 4 h		Simplify. <b>a</b> ) $-2b + 6 + 7b^2 + 7 - b^2$ <b>b</b> ) Evaluate part <b>a</b> ) when $b = 2$	
	c) 5 h d) 6 h			

## Practise

**1.** Complete the table by determining the appropriate pair of integers whose product and sum are as listed.

Pair of Integers	Product	Sum
	8	6
	36	13
	-20	-1
	24	-10

- **2.** a) Use algebra tiles to construct a rectangle with area  $x^2 + 6x + 8$ .
  - **b**) Based on your model, what expressions represent the length and width for this rectangle?
  - c) How do the length and width of your rectangle relate to the factors for the trinomial expression?
- 3. Factor each trinomial and check by expanding.
  a) x<sup>2</sup> + 4x + 3

**STEP 1:** Find a pair of integers that have a product of 3 and a sum of 4. The product is positive, so both integers are either negative or positive.

Since their sum is 4 the integers must be \_\_\_\_\_ and \_\_\_\_\_.

**STEP 2:** Determine the binomial factors.

(*x* + \_\_\_)(\_\_\_ + \_\_\_)

Check:

**b**) 
$$x^2 + 11x + 28$$
 **c**)  $x^2 + 9x + 20$ 

Check:

Check:



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4. Nancy is factoring  $x^2 - 6x + 8$  and decides that she will use 4 and 2 as her values so that the expression becomes (x + 4)(x + 2). Explain where a mistake was made.



- 5. A rectangle has an area  $x^2 + 8x + 7$ .
  - a) What are the expressions that could represent the dimensions of the rectangle?

 $\mathbf{A} = ( ) ( )$ 

- **b**) What is the name of the process you performed to get the expressions in part **a**)?
- c) What is the area of this rectangle when x = 9 cm?

- 6. An interior designer wants to develop a floor plan of a room with the area  $x^2 + 6x + 9$ . a) Factor to find the dimensions of the room. Explain your answer.
  - **b**) What is the area of the room if x = 1 m?
  - c) Draw and label a diagram of the room.

## Chapter 7 Review

## 7.1 Multiply Two Binomials, textbook pages 280–289

**1.** Expand and simplify. **a)** (2x - 1)(3x + 4)

**b**) 
$$(x + 7)(2x - 2)$$

c) 
$$(x-3)(3x+1)$$
 d)  $(x-1)^2$ 

#### 7.2 Common Factoring, textbook pages 290–297

- **2.** Expand.
  - **a**) (x-3)(x+3) **b**)  $(x+3)^2$

- c) What do you notice about your answers? Explain.
- **3.** Determine if the following expressions are factored completely. If they are not, write the correctly factored form.

a)  $3x^2 + 12x$ = x(3x + 12)b)  $18x^3 + 6x^2$ =  $2x(9x^2 + 3x)$ 

4. Find the greatest common factor, if necessary, then factor each expression completely.
a) 2x<sup>2</sup> + 20
b) 4x<sup>2</sup>y + 8xy

**c**)  $x^2 - 144$  **d**)  $x^2 - 5x - 14$ 



#### 7.3 Factor a Difference of Squares, textbook pages 298–305

5. Write each number as a power of its positive square root.

**a**) 25 =\_\_\_\_ **b**) 49 =\_\_\_\_ **c**) 81 =\_\_\_\_

- 6. Circle the difference of squares. a)  $x^2 - 64$  b)  $4x^2 - 100$  c) x - 25 d)  $x^2 + 49$
- 7. Factor each difference of squares. a)  $x^2 - 9$ b)  $x^2 - 16$

Check:

Check:

#### 7.4 Factor Trinomials of the Form $x^2 + bx + c$ , textbook pages 306–311

8. A carpenter is installing a countertop with an area  $x^2 + 7x + 6$ .

a) Write expressions for the length and width of the countertop.

- **b**) What is the shape of the countertop?
- c) Calculate the area of the countertop if x = 1 ft.