

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

# Practice: Get Ready

## Relations

1. Graph each relation.

a)

$x$	$y$
-2	30
-1	20
0	10
1	0
2	-10

b)

$x$	$y$
0	0
1	2
2	8
3	18
4	32

c)

$x$	$y$
-2	8
-1	2
0	0
1	2
2	8

d)

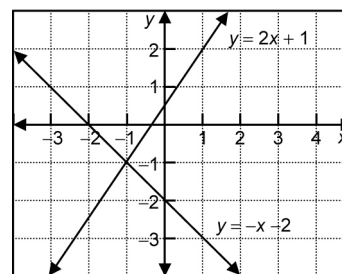
$x$	$y$
0	5
1	4
2	3
3	2
4	1

2. For each relation in question 1, state whether the relation is linear, quadratic, or neither. Explain how you know.

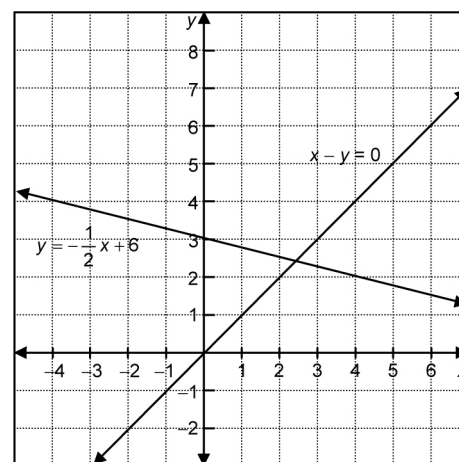
## Linear Systems

3. Find the solution to each linear system.

a)



b)



4. Find the solution to each linear system.

a)  $x + y = 4$ 

$$x + 2y - 1 = 0$$

b)  $y = 2x + 1$ 

$$y = x - 1$$

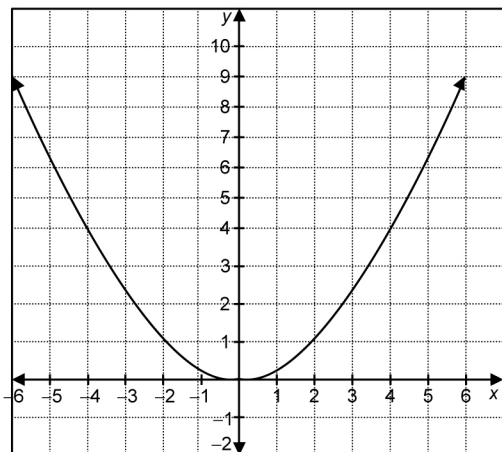
Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

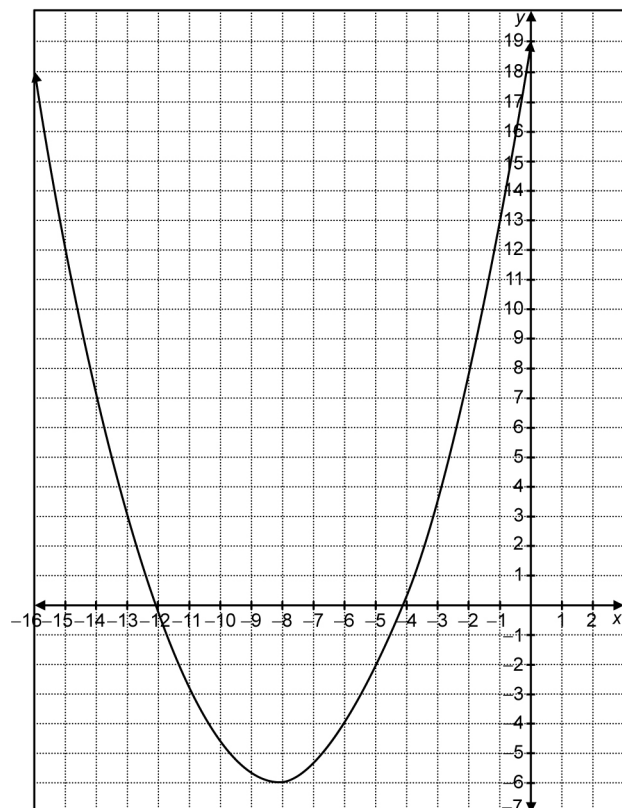
### Key Features of Quadratic Relations

5. For each parabola, identify the coordinates of the vertex, the equation of the axis of symmetry, and the  $x$ - and  $y$ -intercepts.

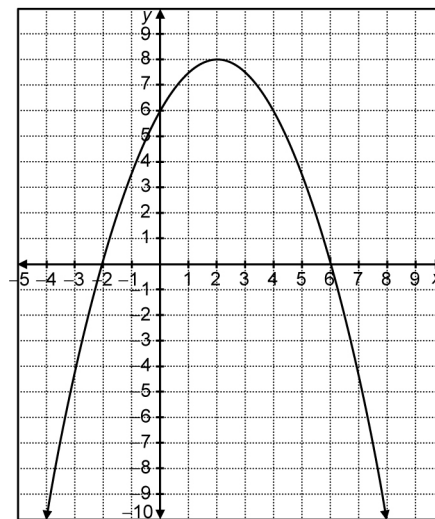
a)



b)



c)



### Algebraic Operations

6. Substitute the known value into the equation, then solve for  $y$ .

a)  $y = -4x + 5$        $x = -3$

b)  $y = x^2 - 9$        $x = -1$

c)  $y = -2x^2 - 3$        $x = 2$

d)  $y = x^2 + 6x + 5$        $x = 0$

e)  $x + 3y = 12$        $x = -6$

f)  $x^2 - y = 2$        $x = 4$

7. Expand and simplify.

a)  $-3x(x + 4)$       b)  $5x(2 - x)$

c)  $(x - 1)(x + 4)$       d)  $(x + 6)^2$

e)  $(2x - 1)(2x + 1)$       f)  $-5(x + 2)(x - 1)$

8. Find the greatest common factor, then factor each polynomial.

a)  $-12x^2 - 18$       b)  $7x^2 - 21x$

c)  $4x^2 - 8x + 24$       d)  $16 - 36x^2$

9. Factor each polynomial.

a)  $x^2 + 5x + 6$       b)  $x^2 - 7x + 10$

c)  $x^2 + 3x - 18$       d)  $x^2 - 14x + 49$

e)  $x^2 - 25$       f)  $4x^2 - 9$