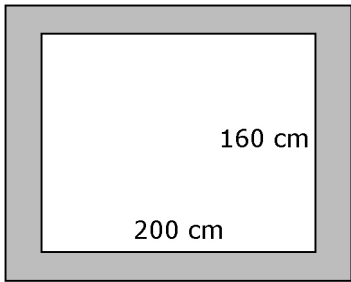


## Section 2.2 Extra Practice

1. Measure each item and round to the nearest millimetre.
    - a) the width of an eraser
    - b) the thickness of a cell phone
    - c) the length of a paper clip
    - d) the thickness of a loonie
  2. Use your measurements from #1 and calculate each set of items.
    - a) the width of 3 erasers
    - b) the thickness of 2 cell phones
    - c) the length of 4 paper clips
    - d) the thickness of 5 loonies
  3. Measure each item and round to the nearest centimetre.
    - a) the length of a marker
    - b) the width of an envelope
    - c) the thickness of a laptop computer
    - d) the distance from your knee to the ground
  4. Measure each item and round to the nearest metre.
    - a) the width of the key in a basketball court
    - b) the width of a car
    - c) the length of a blackboard
    - d) the length of a sofa
  5. Use your personal reference for 1 cm, 10 cm, or both, to estimate each length. Then, measure each item.
    - a) the length of a computer keyboard
    - b) the width of a cell phone
  6. Use your personal reference for 1 m to approximate each length. Then, measure each item.
    - a) the height of a chair
    - b) the width of a computer desk
  7. Use measurement references to approximate each distance.
    - a) the length of a house
    - b) the length of a driveway
  8. A set of sticker labels are 24 mm wide and 10 cm long. Draw a rectangle that is exactly 24 mm wide and 10 cm long.
  9. A mirror has a wooden frame. What is the length of frame needed to enclose the mirror shown? Express the answer in centimetres and in metres.
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10. The women's world record for high jump is just over 2 m. Without measuring, use personal references to mark off about 2 m.
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